Telipogon austroperuvianus Nauray & A. Galán, sp. nov.

Type: PERU. **Cusco:** Calca, Lares, Mant'o, 2600 m, Jul. 2001, *W. Nauray & G. Moretz 527* (holotype, CUZ; isotype, HGI).

Illustrations: Fig. 4 and 3b.

Speciei Telipogon semipictus Rchb. fil. ex Kraenzl. similis, ab ea vero praesertim differens floribus maioribus atque labello circiter 13-nervato.

Plant caespitose, epiphytic, about 15 cm tall. Stem to 3 cm, with few basal leaves. Leaves 9×1.5 cm, oblanceolate, acuminate, margin crenulate, sheath articulated with the blade. Inflorescence and peduncle 12 cm long; peduncle flexuous, alate; raceme with 2-9 flowers, usually 2-3 open at a time; floral bract 1.2 × 0.6 cm, ovate-triangular, acuminate, dorsally carinate. Flowers 3-3.5 cm in diameter, normally resupinate: pedicellate ovary 30-35 mm long, trialate; sepals 18 × 7 mm, yellowish green, ovate, acuminate, dorsally carinate, 3-nerved; petals 22 × 20 mm, whitish turning yellow toward the border with longitudinal purplish red veins and some transverse lines in the inferior half, basal surface purplish red, broadly rhombic, acuminate, basal margin denticulate, 9-nerved, basally hirsute; lip 22 × 26 mm, similar in colour to the petals but longitudinal purplish red veins wider and longer, transversely obovate, acuminate, basal margin denticulate, 13-nerved, hirsute, swollen in the base. Column 4 × 4 mm, dark purple, cylindric, with three tufts of bristles around the anther (two lateral and one on top); bristles to 3 mm long, dark purple, flexuous, acuminate or caudate apically; stigma circular; anther 2×2.5 mm, hyaline purple, cordiform; stipe 3 mm long, hyaline purple; viscidium 1 mm long, uncinate; pollinia 4, bright yellow, in two dissimilar pairs, ovoid, larger pair 1.4×0.7 mm.

Etymology: The name refers to southern Peru.

Distribution and ecology: Telipogon austroperuvianus is found in cloud forest at 2600 m; it flowers between March and July.

Additional specimens examined (paratypes)

PERU. **Cusco:** La Convención, Quellomayo-Lucumayo, 2450 m, 26-VII-1944, *Vargas 4540* (CUZ). Calca, Lares, Mant'o, Km 84, 2040 m, 19-VI-1964, *Vargas 15618* (CUZ). Calca, Lares, Valle de Lares, Mant'o, 2100 m, III-2002, *W. Farfán & G. Moretz 277* (CUZ).

Observations: Telipogon austroperuvianus is distinguished by the petals which are broadly rhombic, 9nerved, and the lip transversely obovate, and 13nerved. It is similar to some species from northern South America, such as *T. semipictus* from Colombia and T. andicola Rchb. f. from Colombia, Ecuador and Venezuela (holotype W!, isotype K!). The specimens cited above have been misidentified as T. semipictus, but examination of the holotype (W!) shows it to be a distinct species from which this new species differs in its larger flowers, fewer nerves on the petals and lip, and the lip with longer and thicker red purplish veins. From T. andicola it differs in its larger flowers, more nerves on the petals and the lip, and the coloured veins of the petals that do not reach the distal half. Telipogon austroperuvianus is also related to the Ecuadorian T. lehmannii Schltr. (lectotype K!), but it differs in the size of the flowers and the characters from the petals, and the lip. According to Schlechter (1920) T. lehmannii has petals 1.7×1.4 cm, 11nerved, and the lip 1.65×1.8 cm, 19-nerved.