

100. **SCAPHYGLOTTIS CONDORANA** Dodson, sp. nov.

Similis *Scaphyglottidis giganteae* Dressler dimensione florum et *Scaphyglottidis punctulatae* plantae habitu sed habens folia latiora et breviora. Labellum elliptico-trullatum facile distinguit speciem.

Orig. Coll: Ecuador: Zamora-Chinchipe: Cord. Cónedor, Chuchumbleza, 1300 m, 18 February 1986, Embree 31 (Holotype RPSC).

**ETIMOLOGÍA:** Nombrada en alusión a la Cordillera del Cónedor en el sureste del Ecuador en donde la planta fue recolectada.

**ETYMOLOGY:** Named in reference to the Cordillera del Cónedor in south-eastern Ecuador where the plant was collected.

**OTHER SPECIMENS SEEN:** Ecuador: Zamora-Chinchipe: Cord. Cónedor, Chuchumbleza, 1300 m, 18 February 1986, Hirtz 2799 (MO, QCNE, QCA, RPSC); same locality, Chuchumbleza to Tundeimi, 1500 m, 21 May 1988, Hirtz 3821 (MO).

Plant epiphytic, caespitose, to 60 cm tall. Stems with branches superposed at the apex, concealed in the lower portions by distichous, truncate leaf-sheaths, the apical portion swollen, naked, terminating in two sub-opposite leaves. Leaves erect-spreading, oblong, to 11.5 x 2.2 cm, obtuse, minutely bilobulate at the apex, clasping at the base. Inflorescence terminal on the stem or branches, abbreviated, racemose; flowers produced singly in succession over a long period from congested spathes to 5 mm long. Pedicellate ovary slender, glabrous, to 1 cm long. Flowers large; sepals and petals tawny cream-colored; lip greenish white. Sepals free at the base; dorsal sepal obovate-oblong, concave, acute, to 13 x 3 mm; lateral sepals obliquely oblong-ovate, obtuse, to 13 x 4 mm, decurrent on the column-foot; petals narrowly oblong-ovate, obtuse, to 12 x 2.5 mm; lip articulated to a short column, with a short claw, to 13 x 6 mm, broadly elliptic-trullate when spread, sub 3-lobed, lateral lobes erect, hooding the column, obtuse at the apex; callus flattened, tongue-like, extending from the claw to the mid-point of the lip; column arcuate, winged on each side near the apex, to 7.5 mm long, produced into a short foot at the base.

**NOTAS:** Se parece a *Scaphyglottis gigantea* Dressler en el tamaño de las flores, y a *Scaphyglottis punctulata* en el hábito de la planta pero con hojas más cortas y más anchas. La especie se distingue claramente por el labelo que, extendido, es elípticamente ovadoangular.

**NOTES:** Similar to *Scaphyglottis gigantea* Dressler in flower size and *Scaphyglottis punctulata* in plant habit but with broader, shorter leaves. The elliptic-trullate lip (when spread) easily distinguishes the species.