ORCHIDACEAE QUAEDAM AMERICANAE

Epidendrum neurosum Ames sp. nov. Pseudobulbi clavati, complanati, bifoliati. Folia ligulata, coriacea, obtusa. Inflorescentia valde abbreviata, uniflora (?), terminalis. Flores carnosi, albidi. Sepala lineari-lanceolata. Petala anguste elliptica, utrinque attenuata. Labellum simplex, ovatum, acuminatum, acutum. Columna incrassata.

Pseudobulbs clavate, 6-7.5 cm. long, compressed, 6-8 mm. thick near the middle, tapering toward each end, paucivaginate at the base, 2-3 cm. apart on a stout creeping rhizome, bifoliate. Leaves 11-19 cm. long, about 1 cm. wide, ligulate, coriaceous, obtuse, mid-vein prominent beneath, carinate near the tip, and near the base. cence terminal, from summit of pseudobulb to base of lateral sepals, about 2 cm. long, subtended by two large spathaceous bracts. Flowers apparently solitary, white, faintly odorous. Lateral sepals 2.3 cm. long, 3.5 mm. wide above the base, linear-lanceolate, tapering gradually to a sharp point, midnerve prominent beneath. Dorsal sepal similar. Petals about 21 mm. long, 4.5 mm. wide near the middle, narrowly elliptic-lanceolate, acuminate, acute, tapering from the middle toward both ends, 7-nerved, fleshy, similar to the sepals in texture. Labellum simple, adnate to the lower half of the column, 18.5 mm. long, 7.5 mm. wide near the

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middle, ovate, acuminate, acute, fleshy, prominently 9-11-nerved, some of the nerves forked or branching. Column 5 mm. long, fleshy, with a rounded tooth at the summit in front of which a membranous obcuneate ligule is situated.

Closely allied to Epidendrum abbreviatum Schltr., but with larger flowers and differently shaped perianth segments.

GUATEMALA, Department of Alta Verapaz, Finca Mocca, *Harry Johnson 141*, December 15, 1919. (Type in U. S. Nat. Herb. No. 1014699. Fragment of type in Herb. Ames No. 22528.)