

**Lankesterella costaricensis** Ames sp. nov. Radices carnosae, albidae, villosae, patentes. Folia rosulata, membranacea, sessilia, margine ciliata, elliptica, acuta. Scapus longe glanduloso-pubescent, infra racemum ebracteatus. Racemus plus minusve quinqueflorus, laxi-vel densiflorus. Rachis flexuosa. Bracteae inflorescentiae flores juveniles aequantes, ovatae, longe glandulosae. Pedicellus cum ovario dense et longe glandulosus, demum bracteas excedens. Flores plus minusve inter se distantes. Sepala lateraliam mentum obtusum formantia, supra basim libera, longe triangularia, acuta, extus dense glanduloso-villosa. Sepalum dorsale liberum, oblongum, subobtusum, concavum, extus dense glanduloso-villosum. Petala oblonga, usque ad apicem angustata, apice villifera, trinervia. Labellum elongatum, basi saccatum vel valde concavum; lamina supra saccum pandurata, margine utrinque prope basim labelli breviter appendiculata. Columna in pedem producta, supra medium transverse complanata, recurvata. Anthera sagittata.

Roots coarse, whitish, villose. Stems abbreviated. Leaves rosulate spreading, epetiolate, 1–2.5 cm. long, up to 1 cm. wide, narrowly elliptic, acute, narrowed toward the base, ciliate on the margin, membranaceous, reddish brown when dry. Scape with the raceme 5–10 cm. long, densely glandular-villose. Raceme 3–7 cm. long, three to ten or more flowered. Rachis flexuose, densely glandular-villose. Bracts of the raceme 5–15 mm. long, ovate, acuminate, villose, clasping the base of the ovary. Flowers 5–10 mm. apart. Ovary densely glandular-villose, sessile. Lateral sepals about 7 mm. long, oblong-triangular, acute, forming a blunt mentum, densely glandular-villose on the external surface. Dorsal sepal 6 mm. long, 2 mm. wide, oblong, densely glandular-villose on the exterior surface, free from the petals. Petals 6 mm. long, about 1 mm. wide, oblong, obtuse, with several apical villi, 3-nerved. Labellum 8 mm. long, elongate-panduriform from a strongly concave or subsaccate base, obtuse, glandular on the inner surface above the middle, apical margin involute; there is a thickened dentate callus—one on each side—situated on the margin near the base of the labellum. Column sigmoid, transversely complanate, produced obliquely downward on the summit of the ovary into a distinct foot, free portion of the column 2 mm. long, the foot 2 mm. long. Rostellum not at all produced. Anther inserted near the base of the free portion of the column, sagittate, long-stipitate. Pollinia granulose.

In habit not unlike *Stenorhynchus ceracifolius* Rodr. (*Cladobium ceracifolium* Schltr.), but with more flowers in the raceme and a very different column.

COSTA RICA, La Estrella, C. H. Lankester & Alfredo Sancho 387, January 9, 1923. Roadside on polled fence-tree. Spikes pendent. (TYPE in Herb. Ames No. 23725.)