

revolute; *column* stout, semiterete, 1.5 mm long, the anther and bilobed stigma apical.

Etymology: Named for Bryon Rinke of Winfield, KS, who cultivates this species

Among the species of section *Macrophyllae-fasciculatae*, this species is distinguished by a pendent, narrowly ovate leaf, a colorful flower subtended by a reclining spathe, and a thick, convex, panduriform lip.

Acronia rinkei Luer, *sp. nov.* TYPE: ECUADOR. without collection data, purchased from Ecuagenera, flowered in cultivation in Winfield, Kansas, September 2010, by *Bryon Rinke 0701* (Holotype: MO), C. Luer illustr. 21562. Fig. 6.

Inter species Acroniae Presl sect. Macrophyllae-fasciculatae (Lindl.) Luer, folio anguste cordato dependens, spatha decumbenti, sepalo dorsali synsepaloque obtusis, petalis anguste acutis, et labello panduriformi lateribus supra basim involutis pubescentibus distinguitur.

Plant medium in size, epiphytic, caespitose; roots slender. Ramicauls slender, erect, 14 cm long, with a close, tubular sheath below the middle. Leaf pendent, coriaceous, narrowly ovate, acute, 9.5 cm long, 3 cm wide, the base cordate, sessile. Inflorescence a single flower, borne from a reclining spathe 6-7 mm long at the base of the leaf; peduncle 3-5 mm long, within the spathe; floral bract 5-6 mm long; pedicel 5-6 mm long; ovary 4 mm long; sepals fleshy, glabrous, the dorsal sepal erect, yellow, oblong, minutely apiculate at the rounded apex, 13 mm long, 5 mm wide, 3-veined, the lateral sepals red-purple, connate to the tips into an ovate, obtuse synsepal, 12 mm long, 7.5 mm wide, 6-veined; petals vellow, narrowly ovate, acute, 7 mm long, 1.25 mm wide, 1-veined; lip red-purple, fleshy, panduriform, pubescent, convex, 6 mm long, 3 mm wide at the base, 1 mm wide near the middle, the apex obtuse to rounded, the base with a small glenion, the sides